

# A4 Transportation Calculation

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EC3 calculates the impact of transport from manufacturing plant to project site for each material. This result is then shown as A4 transportation impact. This calculation takes into account:

1. product weight
2. transportation mode(s)
3. transportation distance(s)

**Product weight** is the mass per declared unit when available; otherwise EC3 calculates it from the default density for the product category. You can manually enter a more accurate product weight, for example to include packaging (if known).

**Transportation mode** defines the carbon footprint per ton of product transported over a km or mi distance, i.e., [kgCO<sub>2</sub>e per t\\*km](#) or [ton\\*mi](#). Our [list of transportation modes](#) and the associated impact factors come from regional LCA datasets, such as [USLCI](#) in the United States [1]. Associated impacts are well-to-wheel, i.e., they include both fuel production and combustion emissions, unless noted otherwise in the transportation mode table.

**Transportation distance** can be custom calculated, but EC3 provides a default initial estimate.

If the user has selected a facility-specific product EPD, EC3 uses the straight-line distance from the manufacturing facility to the project site, plus a [40% routing factor](#) to account for the actual road, rail, and waterway routes [2].

If no product EPD is selected yet, EC3 uses a [default distance](#) and mode for the general product category that was selected. These default values represent the typical distance based on national or regional data (e.g., U.S. [Census Bureau's Commodity Flow Survey](#) in the United States [3]).

You can also enter specific info about multiple transportation modes and distances manually, where you have more complete information. We recommend [Ecotransit](#) as a resource.

To calculate the **A4 transportation impact**, we multiply:

$$GWP_{a4\_leg1} = product\_weight * transport\_mode\_gwp\_intensity * leg\_distance$$

For multiple legs, each leg is calculated as above and results of all legs are summed:

$$GWP_{a4\_total} = GWP_{a4\_leg1} + GWP_{a4\_leg2} + GWP_{a4\_leg3} + \dots$$

As usual, EC3 handles the unit conversions.

## References

- [1] National Renewable Energy Laboratory, USLCI Database, National Renewable Energy Laboratory Golden, CO, 2021.
- [2] F.P. Boscoe, K.A. Henry, M.S. Zdeb, A nationwide comparison of driving distance versus straight-line distance to hospitals, Prof. Geogr. 64 (2012) 188–196.
- [3] U.S. Department of Transportation, U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, 2017

Commodity Flow Survey, Washington, DC, 2020. [www.census.gov /content/dam/Census/library /publications/2017/econ /ec17tcf-us.pdf](http://www.census.gov/content/dam/Census/library/publications/2017/econ/ec17tcf-us.pdf).